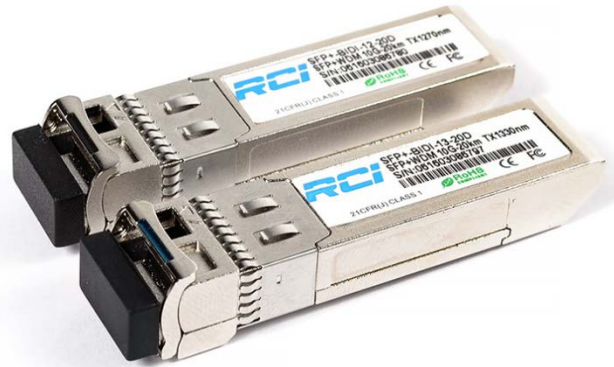


## Applications

- 10GBASE-LR at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-LW at 9.953Gbps
- Other optical links
- 10G Fiber Channel



## Product Features

- Supports 9.95Gb/s to 10.3Gb/s data rates
- Simplex LC Connector Bi-Directional SFP+ Optical Transceiver
- Digital Diagnostic SFF-8472 Compliant
- Hot pluggable
- 1270(1330) nm DFB Laser transmitter, 1330(1270) nm receiver
- Up to 20km on 9/125um SMF
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR and 10GBASE-LW
- SFP+ MSA SFF-8431 Compliant
- Operating case temperature: 0 to 70 °C

## General

**SFP+-BIDI-12-20D** - single mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for duplex optical data communications such as 10GBASE-LR/LW defined by IEEE 802.3ae. It is with the SFP+ 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. Module is designed for single mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 1270 (1330) nm. The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well DFB, which is class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC-60825.

The receiver section uses an integrated InGaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0	85	%	

Note: Stress in excess of the maximum absolute ratings can cause permanent damage to the module

## General Operating Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Note
Data Rate	Ethernet			10.3125		Gb/s	
	Fiber Channel			10.518			
Supply Voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
		V <sub>cc</sub>				V	
Supply Current		I <sub>cc5</sub>				mA	
		I <sub>cc3</sub>			400	mA	
Operating Case Temp.		T <sub>c</sub>	0		70	°C	

## Electrical Input/Output Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Note
<b>Transmitter</b>							
Diff. input voltage swing			120		820	mVpp	1
Tx Disable input	H	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	
	L	V <sub>IL</sub>	0		0.8		
Tx Fault output	H	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	2
	L	V <sub>OL</sub>	0		0.8		
Input Diff. Impedance		Z <sub>in</sub>		100		Ω	
<b>Receiver</b>							
Diff. output voltage swing			340	650	800	mVpp	3
Rx LOS Output	H	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> +0.3	V	2
	L	V <sub>OL</sub>	0		0.8		

**Notes:**

1. TD+/- are internally AC coupled with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.
2. Tx Fault and Rx LOS are open collector outputs, which should be pulled up with 4.7k to 10kΩ resistors on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and V<sub>cc</sub>+0.3V.
3. RD+/- outputs are internally AC coupled, and should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.

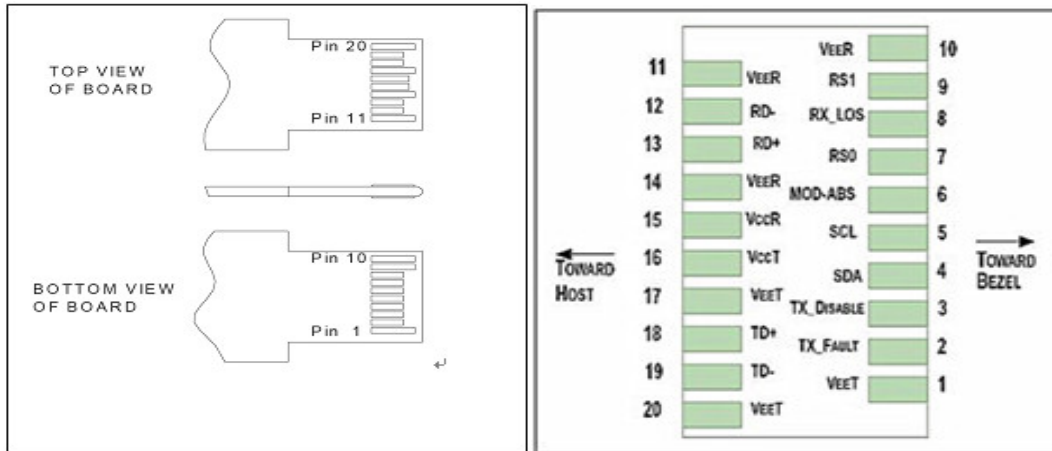
## Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter						
Operating Wavelength		1260 (1320)	1270 (1330)	1280 (1340)	nm	
Ave. output power (Enabled)	Po	-2		3	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	4			dB	1
RMS spectral width	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Rise/Fall time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf			50	ps	2
Optical modulation amplitude	OMA	-6.2			dBm	
Dispersion penalty				1	dB	
Output Optical Eye	Compliant with IEEE 0802.3ae					
Receiver						
Operating Wavelength		1320 (1260)	1330 (1270)	1340 (1280)	nm	
Sensitivity	Psen			-14.4	dBm	3
Min. overload	Pimax	0.5			dBm	
LOS Assert	Pa	-30			dBm	
LOS De-assert	Pd			-16	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	Pd-Pa	0.5		4	dB	

### Notes:

1. Measured at 10.3125b/s with PRBS 2<sup>31</sup> – 1 NRZ test pattern.
2. 20%~80%
3. Under the ER worst case, measured at 10.3125 Gb/s with PRBS 231 - 1 NRZ test pattern for BER < 1x10<sup>-12</sup>
4. If there is DWDM Product ,the wavelength XX— CH 17-61

## Pin Definitions and Functions



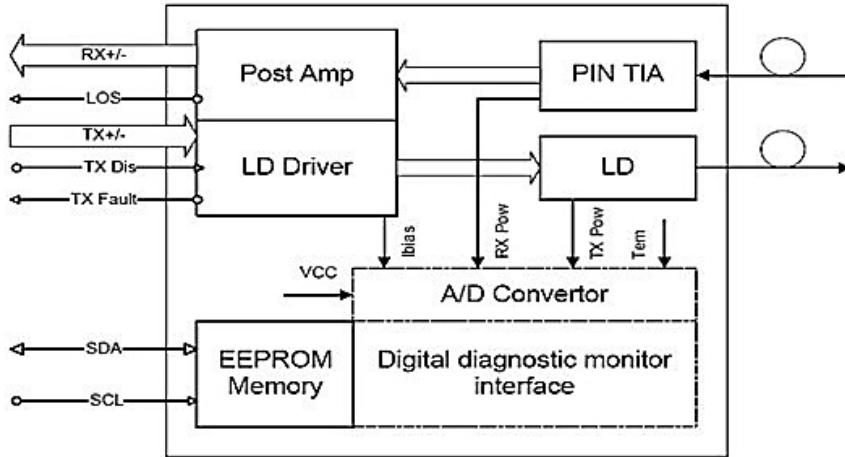
Pin	Symbol	Name/Description
1	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground
2	Tx_FAULT [2]	Transmitter Fault
3	Tx_DIS [3]	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open
4	SDA [2]	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line
5	SCL [2]	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line
6	MOD_ABS [4]	Module Absent. Grounded within the module
7	RS0 [5]	Rate Select 0
8	RX_LOS [2]	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation
9	RS1 [5]	Rate Select 1
10	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
11	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled
13	RD+	Receiver DATA out. AC Coupled
14	VEER [1]	Receiver Ground
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply
17	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground
18	TD+	Transmitter DATA in. AC Coupled
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled
20	VEET [1]	Transmitter Ground

### Notes:

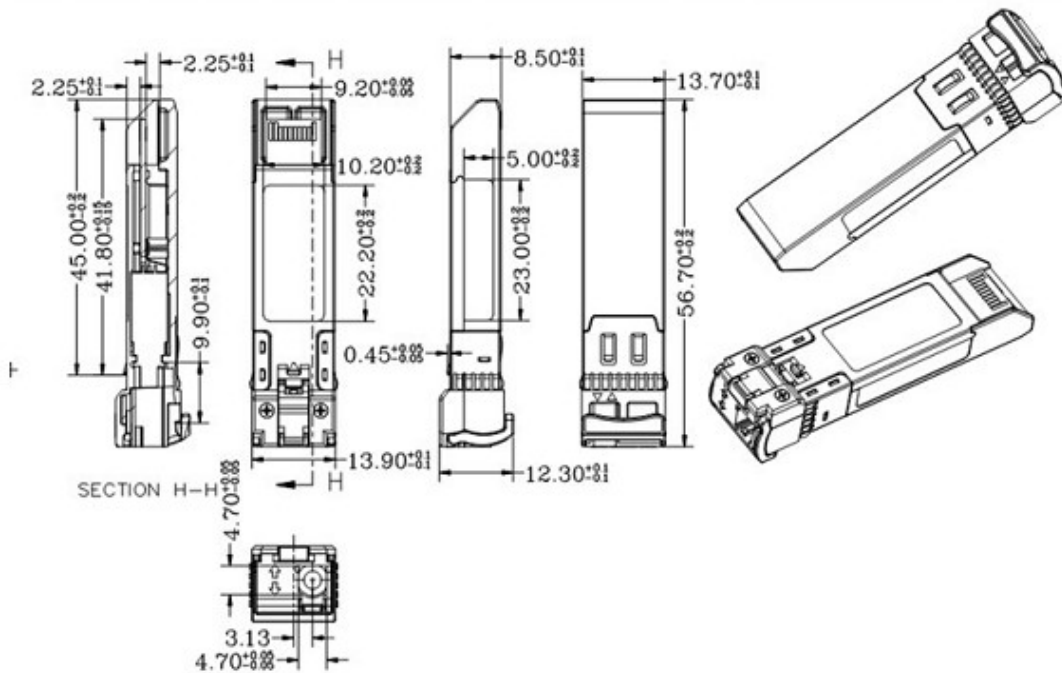
1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
2. Should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.
3. Tx\_Disable is an input contact with a 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ pullup to VccT inside the module.

4. Mod\_ABS is connected to VeeT or VeeR in the SFP+ module. The host may pull this contact up to Vcc\_Host with a resistor in the range 4.7 kΩ to 10 kΩ. Mod\_ABS is asserted “High” when the SFP+ module is physically absent from a host slot.
5. RS0 and RS1 are module inputs and are pulled low to VeeT with > 30 kΩ resistors in the module.

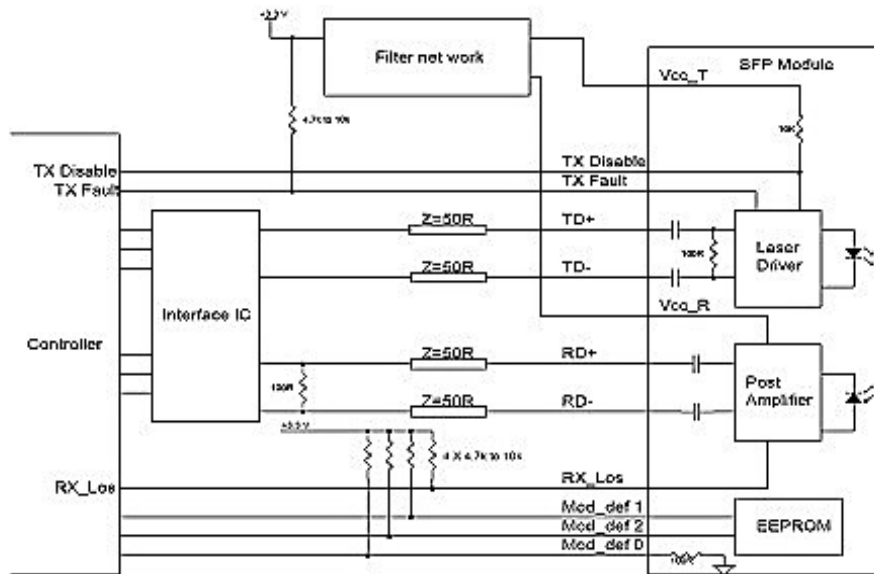
## Functional Diagram



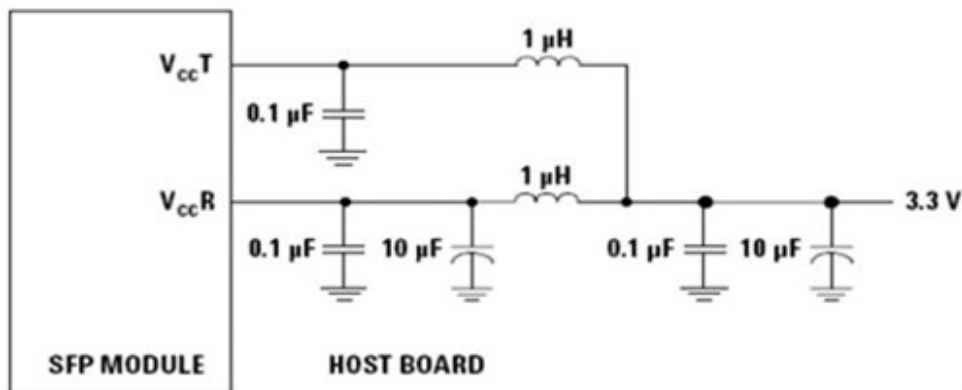
## Package Dimensions



## Typical Interface Circuit



## Recommended power supply filter



**Note:**

Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value

## Ordering Information

Part Number	Output Power	Rec. Sens	Data Rate	Wavelength	Distance
SFP+-BIDI-12-20D	-2 ~ 3 db	-14.4 db	10.3125G	TX1270/RX1330nm	20km
SFP+-BIDI-13-20D	-2 ~ 3 db	-14.4 db	10.3125G	TX1330/RX1270nm	20km